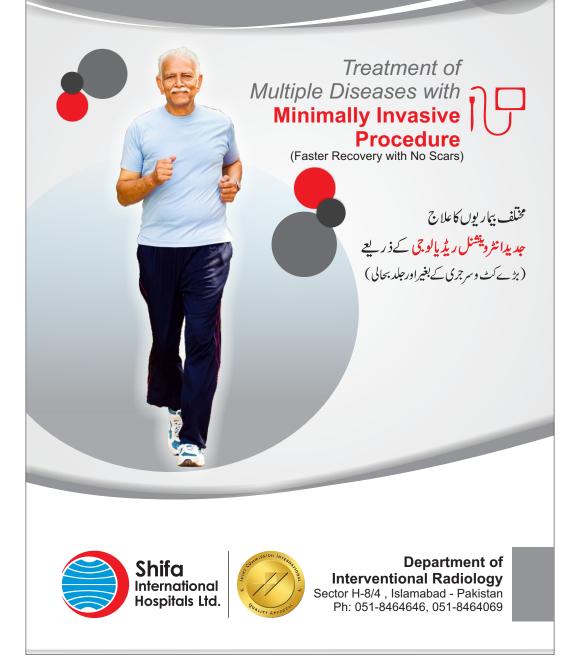
INTERVENTIONAL RADIOLOGY

A Safer Alternative to Surgery



What is Interventional Radiology?



How

Interventional

Radiology Works? Interventional Radiology (also known as I.R) is the minimally invasive, imageguided treatment of medical conditions that once required open surgery.

By using the power of advanced imaging (ultrasound, X-rays, CT



scans, MRI scans and other innovative methods), interventional radiologists can see inside your body and treat complex conditions with the help of the devices such as needles, catheters, balloons and stents to open blocked blood vessels, block bleeding vessels, treatment of aneurysms, drain fluid collections, drain bile ducts, perform biopsies and treat many other conditions less invasively and with unprecedented precision.

Interventional radiologists differ from conventional surgeons by using digital technology to make repairs in the body and by making tiny or no incisions. Most interventional radiology

procedures begin with the prick of a needle. Then the interventional radiologist guides a thin wire and a catheter through a blood vessel to reach and treat the source of the pain



or disease. The radiologist watches the inside of the body on monitor screens & accordingly uses the instruments.

Advantages of Interventional Radiology!



Interventional radiology offers several advantages over traditional invasive procedures:

- Less invasive & performed through a cut of the size of a pencil's tip
- No large scars, risks or pain & recovery time is significantly reduced
- Most I.R procedures can be performed on an outpatient basis. (shorter hospital stay)
- Moderate sedation can be used instead of general anesthesia.



